

The Impact of Grief and Supporting Grieving Staff

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Path for Today



The Impact of Grief



Tending to Grief



A Grief Supportive Workplace

Why the Wendt Center?



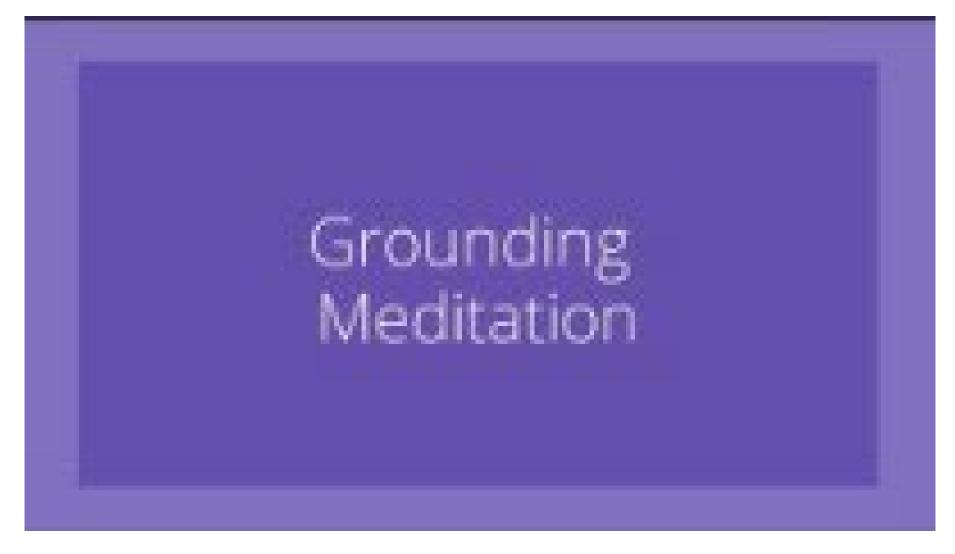


"No one should have to grieve alone."

~ William "Bill" Wendt Founder of Wendt Center circa 1977

Settle In





Tending to Self





We will be discussing challenging topics that can elicit uncomfortable feelings.

Please tend to yourself:

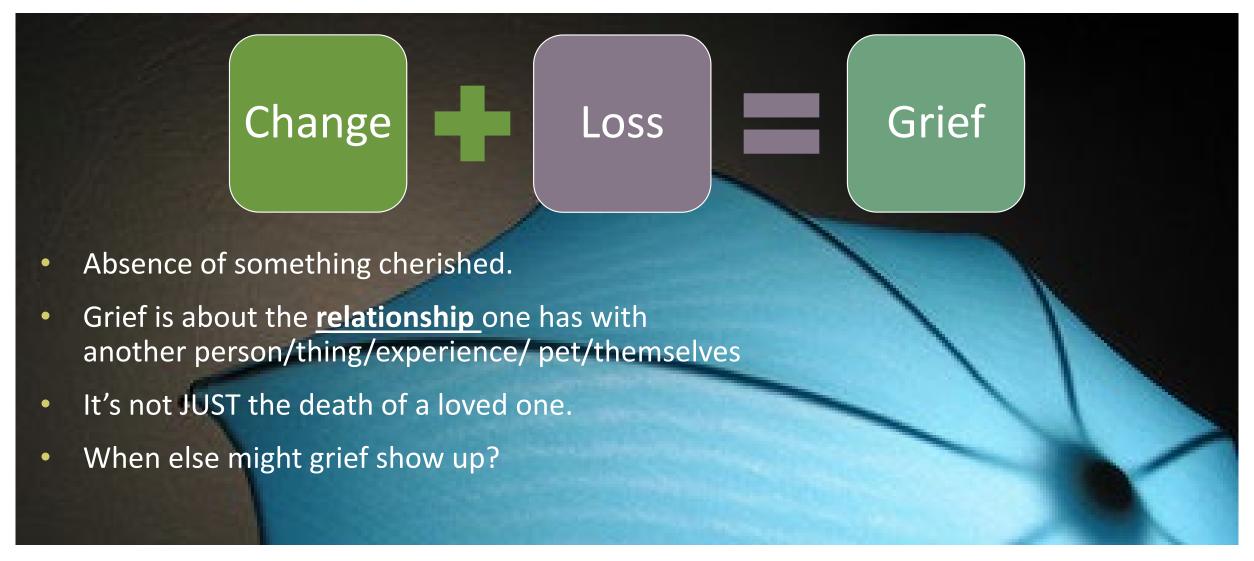
- Breathe in for a count of four, exhale for a count of six
- Take a sip of ice water and trace the water down as you drink it
- Look up and notice three things in your space
- Stand up and stretch



When Grief Enters the Room

The Umbrella of Grief





Common MIS-Conceptions of Grief



It is a linear stagebased process Relationships end when someone dies

Grief can be completed

Time heals all wounds

After a few months you are ready to go back to your routines

Distracting ourselves will make the pain go away

Bad things happen to help us grow

If you aren't crying you aren't grieving

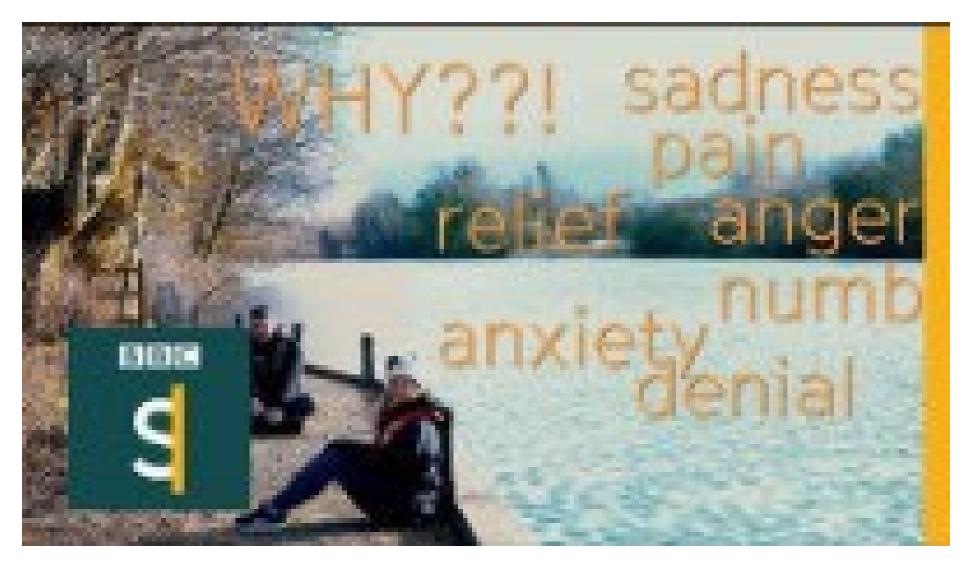
The first year is the hardest

Grieving is best done alone

Talking about it makes you feel worse

Sadness is the primary emotion





Grief Symptoms



Exhaustion

Changes in Sleep and Appetite

Headaches

Stomach Issues

Crying easily and often

Feeling numb

Desire to Isolate

Irritation

Forgetfulness

Difficulty concentrating

Disorganized

Yearning

Grief Symptoms



Exhaustion

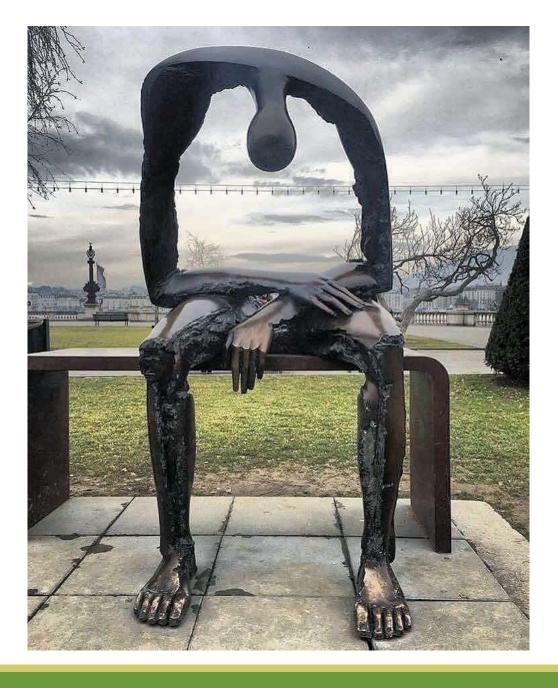
Crying easily and often

Forgetfulness











Styles of Grieving



Intuitive (feelers)

- Experience is emotional and somatic
- Processing takes place as expression
- Low physical energy
- Support active listening and connection

Instrumental (doers)

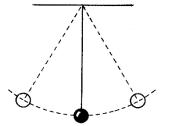
- Experience is physical and cognitive
- Processing happens through tasks
- Internal anxiety
- Support practical information and chances to remember

Naming the Grief



Normative Disenfranchised Suffocated Ambiguous Anticipatory Traumatic Complicated

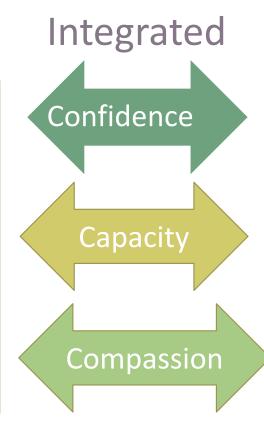
Pendulation in Grief





Pain

- Crying
- Longing
- Remembering
- Memorializing
- Low motivation



Joy

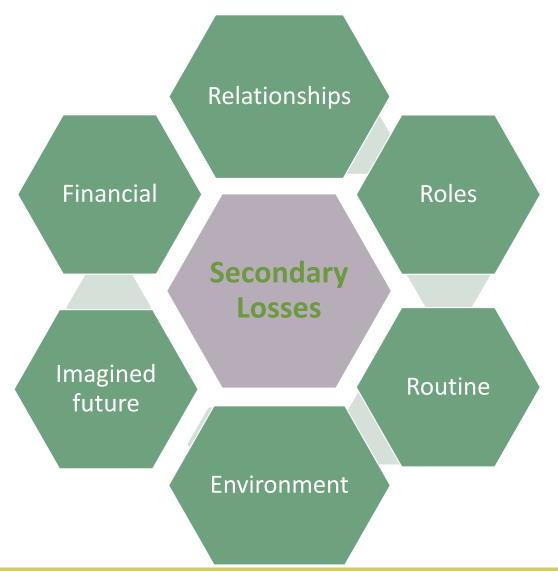
- Socializing
- Celebrating
- Setting goals
- Trying new things
- Increased motivation

The Losses Behind the Loss

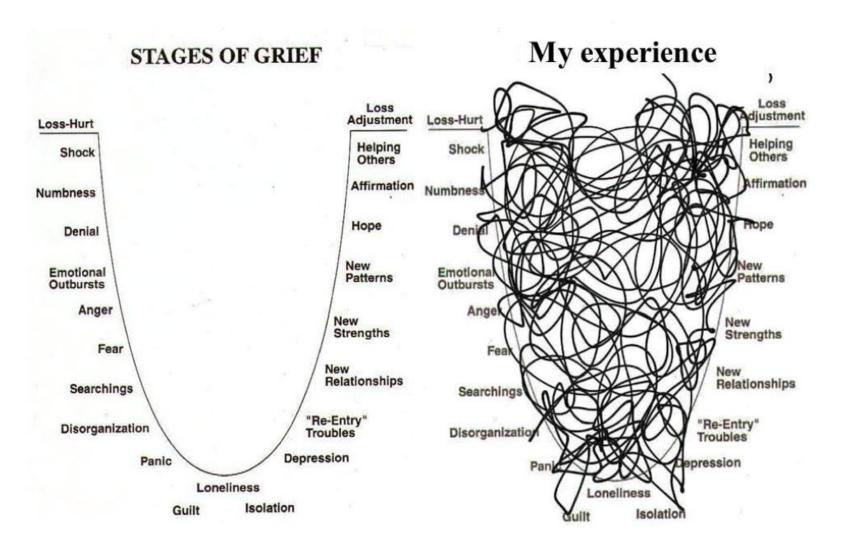


That's how it is in grief. The things, the common place ordinary things, we found comforting in our lives before take on a greater weight. Innocuous things become painful. Evidence of what you've lost is everywhere. Nothing just is what it is anymore.

-Megan Devine Author: It's OK That You're Not OK









Tending To Grief

Rethinking How We Hold Space for Grief and Loss

- Michele Pearson Clarke





Carrying Grief



Grief is seen as a kind of malady: a terrifying, messy emotion that needs to be cleaned up and put behind us as soon as possible." ~ Megan Devine



"Grief expressed out loud for someone we have lost, or a country or home we have lost, is in itself the greatest praise we could ever give them. Grief is praise, because it is the natural way love honors what it misses." – Martin Prechtel



Grief cannot be fixed. Grief is carried. Grief is integrated.

A Culture of Fixing



Most professional cultures require and reward fixing or solving problems.

Many problems have two needs-that which can be fixed (tangible needs) and that which needs to be held (emotional need)

Holding the emotion requires empathy, empathy requires connection, connection requires being fully present in the moment.

When you are fully present in the moment you are not focused on fixing and it prevents their issue from becoming your burden.

Exquisite Witness



Exquisite: an interaction based in respect, care, honesty, and the ability to truly hear and understand the grieving person's anger and confusion.

Witness: the grief journey belongs to the grieving person-it is not yours. "As a witness, we observe more than act, listen more than talk, and follow more than lead. Witnessing celebrates the dignity and authority of the grieving person."

"What distinguishes an exquisite witness is not one's level of training but one's willingness to approach another human being with compassion and deep respect for that person's needs, fear, and grief."

~J. Shep Jeffreys (2011)





Support in the Moment



Connect

Emotionally

Physically

Validate

"I see that you are..."

"That makes sense"

Help with Grounding

Breathing

Five senses

Movement

But What Do I Say?



Starting the Conversation

- You've been on my mind, so I wanted to check in.
- It is so good to see you.
- On a scale of 1-5, how are you feeling?
- What color is your heart today?
- "Grief is different for everyone what's it like for you?"
- "I didn't know ...tell me about them"
- "What are you missing about them?"

Validating and Offering Support

- Your feelings are welcome here.
- That sounds really hard.
- I'm so glad you feel that you can share this with me.
- I'm here with you, even if you don't want to talk about it.
- Can we take a deep breath together?
- Is there a specific way I can support you today?

11 Tenets of Companioning



- 1. Companioning is about being present to another person's pain; it is not about taking away the pain.
- 2. Companioning is about going to the wilderness of the soul with another human being, it is not about thinking you are responsible for finding the way out.
- 3. Companioning is about honoring the spirit; it is not about analyzing with the head.
- 4. Companioning is about listening with the heart; it is not about analyzing with the head
- 5. Companioning is about bearing witness to the struggles of others; it is not about judging or directing those struggles.

11 Tenets of Companioning

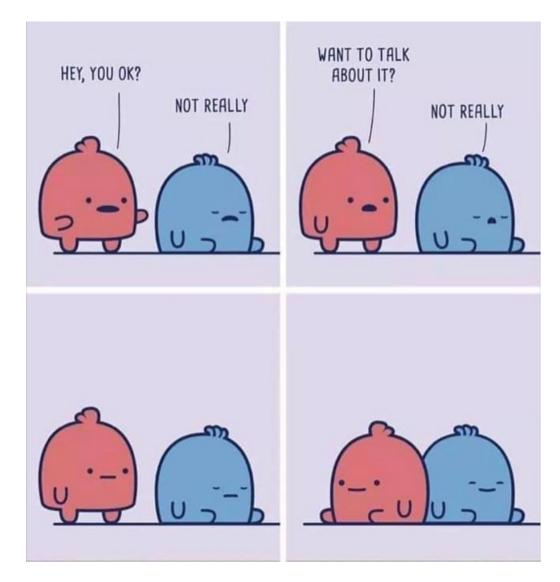


- 6. Companioning is about walking alongside; it is not about leading.
- 7. Companioning is about discovering the gifts of sacred silence; it does not mean filling up every moment with words.
- 8. Companioning is about being still, it is not about frantic movement forward.
- 9. Companioning is about respecting disorder and confusion; it is not about imposing order and logic.
- 10. Companioning is about learning from others; it is not about teaching them.
- 11. Companioning is about compassionate curiosity; it is not about expertise.



Sitting with the Unfixable

Remember that we can't fix grief, as much as we want to.





A Grief Supportive Workplace



"The expectation that we can be immersed in suffering and loss daily and not be touched by it is as unrealistic as expecting to be able to walk through water without getting wet."

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Making Space



Do you give yourself permission to be impacted by your work?

Do you give your staff permission to be impacted by their work?

What would it take to begin to give that permission or expand what is there?

"Having compassion for yourself means that you honor and accept your humanness."

- Kristin Neff

Patient Loss



CNAs and HHAs experience many of the same grief symptoms as family caregivers including: missing the deceased, painful memories

A close, caring relationship is both an important factor in providing quality care AND a risk factor for more intense grief

Many direct care workers reported feeling unprepared for the death of a patient – emotionally unprepared and lacking concrete information

Disenfranchised grief: employer and societal underestimations of the closeness of client relationships and extent of the loss

You Staff Clients

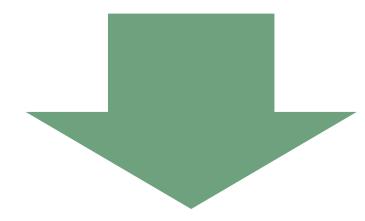




- Collective grief (i.e. COVID)
- SharedIdentities
- Personal losses
- Comparison and Minimization

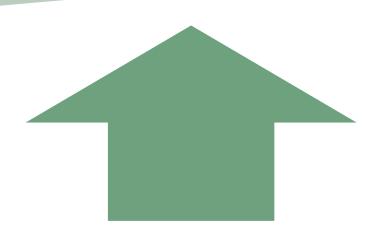
Leading in Grief





Instilling hope for the future

Holding space for the pain of grief



Dimensions of Care



Self

Attention

Compassion

Other

Connection

Kindness as self-expression

Collective

Relational

Cooperative

Transitional

Intentional

Tending to change

Rituals support every dimension of care





True care requires time, intention, awareness, human to human connection, presence, skill, compassion, curiosity, energy and experience.

~ Alua Arthur, Going with Grace

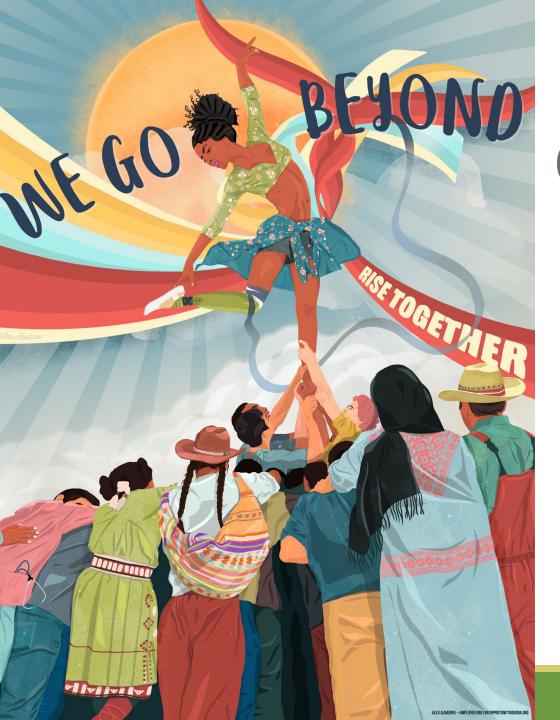


Encouraging Staff Self-Care

What and when was the last thing you did to create space for staff to address the impact of the work on self?

What and when was the last thing you did to model self-care?

What are the intentional ways that staff can create space for self-care in their day?





Collective Care looks like...

- Respect and dignity (relational)
- Seeking and receiving support
- Tending to collective wellness
- Tuning into when we get it right
- Culture of curiosity and openness
- Honor we are human beings, not human doings

Co-regulation





How do we hold ourselves collectively well?
Who is holding you up in this work?
Who is your howl at the moon person?
When was the last time you used them?

"We are not the survival of the fittest, we are the survival of the nurtured."

~ Louis Cozolino

Transitional Care



Listen to a recorded meditation or breathing exercise.

Stretch your body.

Write it out

Turn up your favorite song and sing, dance

Wash your hands mindfully.

Strong tastes and scents for rising anxiety

Start meetings at five minutes after the hour

Draw/Paint/Create

Change the Scenery

Rituals & Wellbeing

- Found around the world in all cultures (animals too!)
- Series of actions performed according to a prescribed order
- Provide signals to our body and spirit
- Create an anchor for intentional practices
- Increase levels of pro-social states (goodwill, empathy, trust, unity) that can engage and strengthen relationships
- Can be individual or communal
- Acknowledge the life cycle/transitions

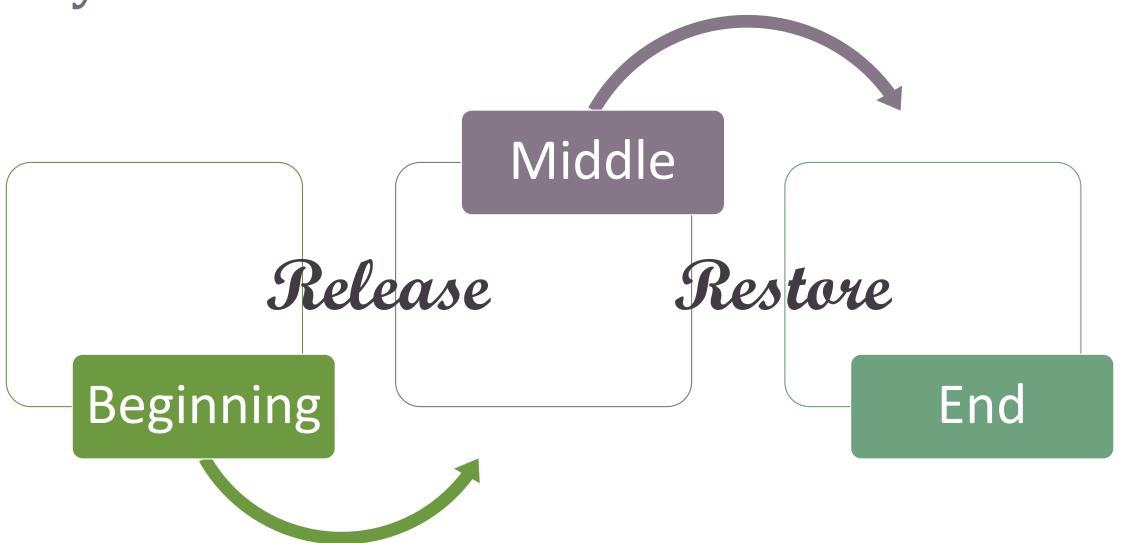




This is not about creating rituals and habits to influence external expectations of success, or productivity. This is about nurturing and tending to wellbeing.

Daily Rituals





Reclaiming small moments







Life Cycle Rituals





Your work puts you inside the life cycles and stages of others.

How do you honor that and give yourself the space to acknowledge the impact on yourself?

Ex: How do you mark major life transitions of clients? How do you honor a client who has died?

Cultivating Resilience



At the end of each day:

One thing to release

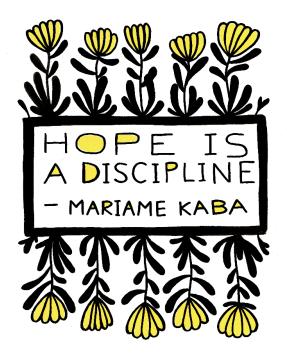
- Courage vs. avoidance
- Identify your internal narratives
- Rituals
- Movement
- Low Impact Debrief

One way to restore

- Laughing
- Connection
- Rest
- Movement
- Learning
- Unplug

Cultivating Hope

Hope is a mode of resistance; a gift we can cultivate. ~ Barbara Kingsolver



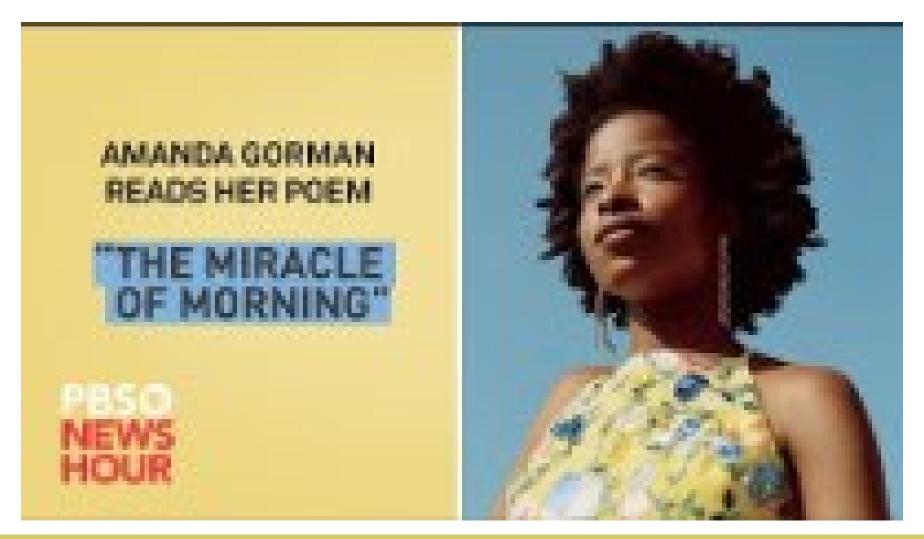


It's less about "how you feel," and a practice of making a decision every day that - you're still gonna put one foot in front of the other, still gonna get up in the morning. It's a hard thing to maintain....to believe that it's possible to change the world. We don't live in a predetermined, predestined world where nothing we do has impact. No, no, that's not true! Change is, in fact, ~ Miriam Kaba constant.

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The Miracle of Morning By Amanda Gorman







Rekindling Hope, Rebuilding Lives

Let's continue the healing conversation @WendtCenter











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